Physical Education Studies Year 12 General

CHAPTER 5: Exercise Physiology



Welcome to the quiz for Chapter 5

- You will be given 27 multiple choice questions
- Click on the correct answer
- Use the links to navigate through the quiz
- To finish the test you must answer all the questions correctly

ARE YOU READY?

Which energy system is used for short bursts of activity – up to 10 seconds?

- A. Aerobic system
- B. ATP-CP system
- C. Lactic acid system
- D. PC system

Which energy system is used to complete a 400 m sprint?

- A. Aerobic system
- B. ATP-CP system
- C. Lactic acid system
- D. PC system

Which energy system has the greatest capacity for ATP production?

- A. Aerobic system
- B. ATP-CP system
- C. Lactic acid system
- D. PC system

Which of the following tests would you use to measure anaerobic capacity?

- A. 20 metre shuttle run
- B. Do as many sit-ups as you can in 30 seconds
- C. Run as far as you can at a jogging pace
- D. Run as far as you can at a near-maximal pace

What is VO₂ max?

- A. The energy used during the oxygen deficit period
- B. An individual's capacity for aerobic ATP production
- C. A steady state of oxygen consumption
- D. The volume of oxygen consumed when sprinting

Which of the following tests would you use to measure aerobic capacity?

- A. 20 metre shuttle run
- B. Do as many sit-ups as you can in 30 seconds
- C. Run as far as you can at a jogging pace
- D. Run as far as you can at a near-maximal pace

What is oxygen debt?

- A. The amount of oxygen consumed during the recovery period
- B. The amount of oxygen owed to the muscles by the ATP-PC system
- C. The oxygen consumption difference between anaerobic and aerobic exercise
- D. The amount of oxygen consumed by the aerobic energy system

Which of the following best describes the situation where your energy intake is greater than you energy expenditure?

- A. Energy balance
- B. Negative energy balance
- C. Positive energy balance
- D. Energy imbalance

Which of the following best describes basal metabolic rate?

- A. The rate at which energy intake is converted into fuel
- B. The rate at which energy consumed is used by the body
- C. The energy expended by the body on a daily basis
- D. The energy expended by the body to maintain essential functions

Which of the following is NOT a training principle?

- A. Specificity
- B. Progressive overload
- C. Reversibility
- D. Maximum output

Which of the following is NOT a factor in achieving progressive overload?

- A. Duration
- B. Intensity
- C. Specificity
- D. Frequency

Training at which of the following heart rates will result in fitness improvement?

- A. Target heart rate
- B. Maximum heart rate
- C. VO, max
- D. Resting heart rate

Which of the following fitness components would you be least likely to be included in the fitness profile of a netball 'centre'?

- A. Cardiorespiratory endurance
- B. Power
- C. Speed
- D. Flexibility

Which of the following fitness components would you be least likely to be included in the fitness profile of a golfer?

- A. Cardiorespiratory endurance
- B. Agility
- C. Power
- D. Strength

Which of the following training methods would you use to improve speed?

- A. Continuous training
- B. Resistance training
- C. Dynamic stretching
- D. Interval training

Which of the following training methods would you use to improve muscular endurance?

- A. Continuous training
- B. Fartlek training
- C. Dynamic stretching
- D. Interval training

Plyometrics is a specialised form of training for which of the following fitness components?

- A. Balance
- B. Flexibility
- C. Power
- D. Cardiorespiratory endurance

DRSABCD should be applied in which of the following cases?

- A. The athlete has sprained her ankle
- B. The athlete has experienced a blow to the head but is conscious
- C. The athlete is unconscious
- D. The athlete has a broken arm

The 'C' in DRSABCD stands for which of the following?

- A. Conscious
- B. Compression
- C. Care
- D. Casualty

The STOP procedure should be applied in which of the following situations?

- A. The player is conscious
- B. The player is unconscious
- C. The player has been playing injured for a few weeks
- D. The present injury treatment on the player has not been working

TOTAPS is the procedure used to assess which of the following conditions?

- A. Consciousness
- B. Fractures
- C. Absence of breathing
- D. Sprains

Which of the following regimes should be applied within the first 48 hours to treat a soft tissue injury?

- A. STOP
- B. DRSABCD
- C. RICER
- D. HARM

In managing a corking injury, it is important to avoid which of the following factors?

- A. RICER
- B. HARM
- C. STOP
- D. SCAMP

The immediate care of a sports injury refers to which of the following time periods?

- A. Within the first hour
- B. Within the first 24 hours
- C. Within the first 12 hours
- D. Within the first 48 hours

NEXT QUESTION

Question 25

The rehabilitation process aims to achieve goals in which of the following sequences?

- A. Range of motion, endurance, strength, skill
- B. Strength, endurance, range of motion, skill
- C. Endurance, range of motion, strength, skill
- D. Range of motion, skill, strength, endurance

NEXT QUESTION

Question 26

What is the purpose of electrical stimulation in the treatment of a sports injury?

- A. To train the brain not to feel pain in the affected area
- B. To relax the affected muscle in order to allow it to heal
- C. To strengthen the affected muscle by causing it to contract
- D. To heighten the nerve response in the injured area

NEXT QUESTION

Question 27

Which of the following is NOT an effect of sports massage?

- A. Reduction of blood circulation
- B. Relief of swelling
- C. Reduction in muscle tension
- D. Promotion of flexibility

NEXT

CONGRATULATIONS! YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE CHAPTER 5 QUIZ